

# PUBLIC LEDGER



THIRD YEAR.

MAYSVILLE, KY., TUESDAY, MARCH 20, 1894.

ONE CENT.



IT'S SO IF  
IT'S IN  
THE  
LEDGER.

Miss BLANCHE CHUM, formerly of this city, will marry Dr. Hill at Bardstown April 12th.

Don't forget the display of Easter Bonnets, Hats and novelties by Mrs. L. V. Davis Thursday.

GOVERNOR Brown has signed the charter for second class cities, though stating that he did so reluctantly.

CORNELL announces that after his fight with Jackson he will quit the ring for good and devote all his time to the stage

FIVE workmen narrowly escaped injury by the falling of the roof of the B. and O. S. W. Station at Portsmouth Saturday.

REVE, Joseph Gein and Walker have just closed a three weeks revival at the New Union Bethel with twenty-five additions.

JOHN C. HERNDON of Louisville, and everywhere else in the state, has formally announced himself as a candidate for State Treasurer.

The first game of baseball of the season drew a large crowd at Lexington Saturday afternoon. The Lexingtonians defeated the Frankforts 20-3.

GEORGE H. MARTIN, C. C. John L. Chamberlain, K. R. S.

JOHN SCHERILL, a driver employed by the A. E. Burkhardt Co., Cincinnati, embezzled \$207.61 from the concern and absconded. He leaves a wife and two daughters, aged 17 and 19, respectively.

HAMLET C. SHAW was putting his feet on top of the desk yesterday, because it was a nine pound boy, and its first intelligible words were "Hurrah for McKinley and Protection to American industries."

J. C. McCOURT, late local Freight Agent of the Louisville and Nashville at Cincinnati, indicted for embezzlement of \$48,000, was found guilty of embezzling \$4,000. George Shotwell, McCourt's accomplice, having turned state's evidence, was the principal witness. The Court refused to admit McCourt to bail.

In the Police Court yesterday Pat Tierney was given two fines of \$20 each and costs for violating the liquor laws. The first offense was for selling liquor in quantities less than a quart without necessary license and the second was for violating the Sunday law by selling intoxicating liquors. Both fines with the costs amounted to nearly \$50, of which \$40 goes into the School Fund. Everything was paid and Tierney got his way regarding. His license was suspended by Mayor Corr until next Council meeting, when the case will be further investigated.

Attention, Knights of Pythias.

The members of Limestone Lodge No. 98, K. of P. are called to meet Wednesday, March 21st, 1894, at 12:30 p. m. to attend the funeral of our late brother, C. W. Wardle. Funeral services at 1:30 p. m.

GEORGE H. MARTIN, C. C. John L. Chamberlain, K. R. S.

**THE EXPENSE GOES ON.**

**Whether Times Are Good or Bad, It's All the Same.**

Did you ever stop to think, dear reader, when you put off the newspaper collector, that a newspaper, unlike other industries, cannot close down during times of peace, nor can the force be reduced or put on half time.

Just so much type must be set each day, and it takes the same number of hands to set it.

A newspaper is under the same expense whether times are good or bad, and, although it is the first thing thought of in the morning, it is last when the time comes around for paying.

Stop and consider if this is just.

You must have your favorite paper which makes a big outlay every day in the year, except Sunday, to give you the news, and you should remember the heavy expense the paper is under.

**HOW IS THIS HOWL?**

**A Democratic Free-Trade Paper on the Business Depression.**

**Portsmouth Blade.**—The following gives an idea of the present industrial situation in Philadelphia, next to New York the largest manufacturing city on this continent. We quote from *The Philadelphia Record*, a rabid Democratic Free-trade organ. The *Record* says:

"Manufacturing, in all lines of trade, has diminished in value of the Citizens' Permanent Relief Committee that with the return of spring the districts which this organization formed to relieve the poor are still in existence. On the contrary, however, the cry for relief is as loud as ever.

"A new class of applicants have succeeded the unfortunate who through the shutting down of their business have been compelled to apply for assistance. The latter have

found relief in some measure through the partial resumption of operations at the banks of the building trades, whose savings

from former seasons have hitherto enabled them to sustain themselves. But these savings have been exhausted.

"But the outlook for building operations is the reverse of bright, much suffering

will inevitably be experienced unless the application for relief is increased.

"People are obtaining relief from the committee. This is a great source of continual trouble, not for liberal contributions.

"Who will not give to the extent of his ability to further the noble work of the Relief Committee?"

This does not look very much like the report of business.

"We are sure of Philadelphia is more than true of New York, of Chicago, of Pittsburgh and of every other great manufacturing center from ocean to ocean, and from the lakes to the gulf."

The cry goes up from the laboring classes for help, help, help. Even comparatively well-to-do, the *Record* intimates, who had a little money in bank, the savings of prosperous Republican times, are now the seekers of alms to keep the wolf from the door.

Look over your papers and you will see that wherever those giving employment to labor start it up is invariably at a reduction of from 10 to 45 per cent. This means less trade for the merchant and farmer. With from 10 to 40 per cent of his income gone, the laboring man will have to husband his resources. He will live in a smaller house, pay less rent and do without many of the little luxuries with which he has been accustomed to provide his family during the last thirty years.

**The Truth Shall Prevail.**

The satisfaction that one must feel at the triumph of the boy about whom *The Massachusetts Poughkeepsie* tells this anecdote, is due to the same feeling which prompts a big-hearted man to take the part of the "undermost dog."

Walter was the important witness, and one of the lawyers, after cross-examining him severely, said,

"Your father has been talking to you and telling you how to testify, hasn't he?"

"Yes," said the boy.

"Now," said the lawyer, "just tell us how your father told you just to testify."

"Well," said the boy modestly, "father told me that the lawyers would try to tangle me up, but if I would be careful and tell the truth, I could tell the same thing again."

The lawyer didn't try to tangle up that boy any more.

## FUNERAL SERVICES.

**Arrangements for the Obsequies of the Late Dr. C. W. Wardle.**

The funeral services of the late Dr. C. W. Wardle will take place tomorrow afternoon from his late home on East Second street at 1:30 under the auspices of the Oddfellows.

The Knights of Pythias and P. O. S. A. will also pay their last tribute at the grave.

The several Orders of which the Doctor was an honored member have been called to meet at their respective halls at 12:30 tomorrow.

Rev. W. O. Cochran, Pastor of the Central Presbyterian Church, will conduct the religious services.

Burial at Mayfield Cemetery.



ONE SENSIBLE MAN.

Archbishop Ireland on the Duty of Irishmen in America.

Archbishop Ireland preached in the Cathedral at St. Paul, Minn., on St. Patrick's Day, taking for his theme, "Foreign Nationalism in America." Foreign Nationalism in America, he said, must be kept in the background, and be made to give place in church and state to Americanism.

St. Patrick teaches this lesson. Himself not a native of Ireland, he became a most thorough Irishman. His success in converting Ireland to the Christian faith was largely due to his practical wisdom in adapting the movable and accidental forms of the faith to the customs and traditions of the Irish.

The Catholic Church, as far as she were a National aspect, must be American in America. To make her Irish was to make her unfit for the country. Segregation of one body of Catholics from another or foreign lines was wrong. The church had suffered from lack of Americanism. One Nationalism was, and must be, supreme in our civil and social matters, and that was American Nationalism. On this condition had America admitted foreigners to citizenship. No political segregation of citizens on foreign lines could be allowed. It was wrong to have a so-called Irish-American and seek office as an Irishman. It was wrong in private life to cultivate the spirit of a foreign Nationalism at the expense of American Nationalism. Nothing could be allowed that takes, in the slightest degree, from the honor of her flag, and allegiance to her laws.

Citizens of foreign descent must know that only by being thorough Americans can they succeed even in material prospects, and in gaining respect and confidence of the country.

4-EQUAL-12.

That is, four weeks by our method of teaching bookkeeping is equal to twelve months by the old style. Books guaranteed, under certain conditions. Best patronized business college in the South; 500 students in attendance the past year; eleven teachers. Nashville is the educational center of the South. Cheap board; no vacation; enter any time; home study. We have recently prepared books on bookkeeping, shorthand and penmanship especially adaptable to home study. Nothing like them ever issued before. Sent on 60 days trial. Our free illustrated 80 page catalogue will explain all. Send for it now. Draughon's Practical Business College and School of Shorthand and Telegraphy, Nashville, Tenn.

N. B.—We pay \$5 cash for all vacancies as bookkeepers, stenographers, teachers, etc., received, and we will provide the same.

## THE MAGIC CITY.

**GREAT SUCCESS OF "THE LEDGER'S GIFT TO PATRONS."**

**Instructions How to Get a Set of the Handsome World's Fair Views Published.**

## A Large Extra Easter Edition

will be printed, consisting of Eight Pages, with a handsome cover, and it will be the largest paper ever printed in Mayfield.

Saturday, March 24th.

will be the date. A Representative will call on you to interest in this large edition, and of yours.

There will be a large extra edition, with a SPECIAL COUPON for The Magic City.

Magical Coupons and the Easter Coupon and Twenty-Cent will secure Nos. 4 and 5 of The Magic City.

The Easter Coupon alone and Ten Cents will secure No. 5 of The Magic City.

W. P. Snoot will sell all his stock and farming implements at the old home place on Germantown pick tomorrow morning, beginning at 10 o'clock.

First—Cut out of The LEDGER this coupon:

**Public Ledger.**

**Magic City Art Portfolio Coupon.**

Mall or bring to the office of The LYNN SIX COUPON, this or any other paper, and get Ten Cents silver, and receive Art Portfolio No. 5.

NOTE—Six Coupons of different dates and Ten Cents are required to get each Portfolio. There will be sixteen numbers.

March 20, 1894.

Second—When you have cut out SIX COUPONS of different dates—if you live in the city and your paper is delivered by carrier—bring them to this office with TEN CENTS, and one book of the Views will be given to you. If you live at some other place, send the six coupons and ten cents by mail to this office and the book will be sent to you by mail from Philadelphia.

Third—if you have misplaced any of your coupons, you can get the books at 15 cents each, and you can get the back numbers at any time. After the set is finished appropriate blinding can be had at a small cost.

The set comprises sixteen books, and when completed it will form a most magnificent volume. There's no other way in which you can secure such an art treasure for so little money.

PLEASE REMEMBER. When we say six coupons, we do mean five.

When we say coupon, we mean the coupon with the border around it.

The date at the bottom of the card—the changing every day, and you've got a piece of it.

Under no circumstances can be made to the ab-

DAILY REPORTER SUNDAY.  
THOMAS A. DAVIS,  
EDITOR AND OWNER.

OFFICE—Public Ledger Building, No. 12 Broad  
Street, Philadelphia, Pa.  
SUBSCRIPTIONS—IN ADVANCE.  
One Year.....\$5.00  
Six Months.....1.00  
Three Months.....75  
Per Month.....25  
DELIVERED BY CARRIER.....25 cents  
Payable to carrier at end of month.



## TO ADVERTISERS.

Advertising rates uniform and reasonable and made known on application at the office.

Subscribers who fail to get the Ledger regularly will confer a favor by reporting the fact at THE OFFICE.

At a sale at Mt. Carmel a few days ago a horse was disposed of for \$3. Good Loan, horses at \$3 a dozen. Now, who will say these are not good Democratic times?

AMERICAN farmers who have been humbugged into believing that "Tariff reform" meant better markets and better prices for their products should study the statistics of the striking summary

in The New York Press, showing the enormous loss which the farmers of the United States have sustained from one year of Clevelandism. The figures given are taken from official documents. These demonstrate that the loss on farm stock and the wheat crop alone during the last year reaches \$560,000,000. The loss on the wheat crop is \$270,000,000. The significance of this statement is accentuated by the fact that the wheat crop of 1893 was the smallest since 1886. The loss sustained by the sheep and wool industry has been stupendous. The number of sheep in the country was lessened by some 2,300,000 in 1893 and their value depreciated by more than 25 per cent. Should the Wilson Bill be passed in its present shape, it would exterminate the sheep raising industry, which represented in 1890 an investment of \$116,000,000. The McKinley Tariff was justly described as a farmer's Tariff. The Wilson Bill deals a deadly blow at American tillers of the soil as well as at American artisans and operatives.

The "howl" mill grinds along as usual, Brett Marsh:

HUDSON, MASS., March 17th.—Lesters at Brett's shoe factory struck today because of the introduction of lasting machines and a reduction of wages.

ATER, MASS., March 17th.—Owing to a disagreement over wages, the shoe factory of Leighton Brothers at East Pepperell will be closed indefinitely.

NEW HAVEN, March 17th.—The consolidated road has decided to discharge about fifty trainmen. This will make about 250 employees who have been discharged during the year to cut down running expenses.

ZANEVILLE, O., March 17th.—Sixteen male teachers in Newton Township are on a strike against reduction of their wages for the spring term to a dollar a day.

BOSTON, MASS., March 17th.—H. B. Elliott, one of the assignees of Isaac Proctor & Co., shoe manufacturers of Spencer, Mass., said today that the liabilities of the firm would amount to \$70,000. The assets, Mr. Elliott said, will be fully as large. The firm was the largest of its kind in the world, and the failure is the heaviest in the New England leather trade for a long time. The firm has a payroll of about \$600,000 a year and has been doing an annual business of \$2,000,000.

To be continued throughout the entire existence of this Democratic British-Free-trade-Administration.]



NEW YORK'S NEED.  
Chicago Post.—New York does not need more people. It needs better people.

THE DEADLY PERIL.  
Detroit Free Press.—The tramp went to the house to get something while he waited on the road outside. When turned he had a generous load of food & clothes. "Get on to this layout," said triumphantly to his friend. "We must be careful if we strike like this or the authorities will down for our income tax."

## The Kind of

medicine  
you need is the  
old reliable tonic and  
blood-purifier,

AYER'S  
SARSAPARILLA

It  
can have  
no substitute.  
Cures others,  
will cure you

## ONE AGITATION ENDED.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat.—This one year of Democracy has given the quietus to the movement to extend the Presidential term to six years. The chances that we may some time get another Cleveland lead most people to prefer shorter rather than longer terms.

LINKEWISE A LION AND A UNICORN.  
New York Sun.—The distinguished citizen who won most now be admitted to the very inner circle of the giants where have stood Hyer and Sullivan. He is a prize in his profession, a star of the first magnitude, a gem of the first water, a whirlwind, and a slugger of the Samsonian class, and America feels with satisfaction that the day of great men has come again.

WILSON AGAINST MCKINLEY.  
Findlay Republican.—The proper man for the Democracy to nominate for President in 1896 is Prof. Wilson of West Virginia. The Professor would directly represent the latest definite exemplification of the doctrine of Tariff reform, and as to McKinley, to contest in that case would be a straight out fight between the McKinley and Wilson Tariff ideas. Nothing could be politically more appropriate than this sort of a battle. The outcome, in our opinion, would for years to come settle the theory that there is a popular demand for an American "era of cheapness."

LANDRETH'S Seeds are the very best.  
Call on H. H. Cox & Son.

If you want the very best flower seed call on H. H. Cox & Son.

LANDRETH'S Garden Seeds have stood the test for years and are the best. They are sold only at Chenoweth's.

Mrs. L. V. Davis has just received from New York a beautiful line of mourning and fancy veiling.

Until April 1st Cabinets \$2 per dozen, Mantels \$1.50 per dozen. Best work. Cash only.

KACKLEY & CAVY. Photographers.

The agreeable flavor of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral makes it easy to administer to children. Its great merit confirm its popularity.

BARGAINS in Clocks. If you need a Clock and a good one go to Murphy the Jeweler. A great reduction in prices of Iron Clocks, Onyx Clocks and Wood Clocks. Successor to Hopper & Murphy.

It must be a good coincidence that will induce a man to go for a walk and get it.

R. S. STONE of Fairmont Studios says

a man came from Ohio to his store for Chamberlain's Couch Remedy and bought a dozen bottles.

"The remedy is a great favorite in this vicinity," he says, "and has performed some wonderful cures here."

It is intended especially for coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough. For sale by Theo. C. Power, Druggist.

## Merchants,

## Attention!

Please read THE LEDGER's proposition, under head of "Where to Deal," to be found in another column, and then have your name placed "on the list."

NASHVILLE, Tenn., March 6th, 1893.—The Standard Medicines Co., Nashville, Tenn.—Gentlemen: It gives me exceeding pleasure to speak of your Antiseptic as a medicine. My old servant Albert, who is 72 years old, was suffering from a bad heart trouble, and I gave him the Antiseptic, and he got well. He has had no heart trouble and droopy eyes. The only thing that could be done for him was to give him a strong heart. At this point I decided to give him Brockton's Antiseptic, as it seemed to be performing all the work that the Antiseptic did. I gave him regular doses every three hours and the fever began to leave from his body, and a great improvement was noticed in his eyes. In three days he was sitting up in a chair, and in five days he was walking around regaining his strength very fast. I consistently believe it saved the old man's life. Respectfully yours, No. 5 Noel Block.

TO BE CONTINUED THROUGHOUT THE ENTIRE EXISTENCE OF THIS DEMOCRATIC BRITISH-FREE TRADE ADMINISTRATION.]

RAKINGS

NEW YORK'S NEED.  
Chicago Post.—New York does not need more people. It needs better people.

DETROIT FREE PRESS.—The tramp went to the house to get something while he waited on the road outside. When turned he had a generous load of food & clothes. "Get on to this layout," said triumphantly to his friend. "We must be careful if we strike like this or the authorities will down for our income tax."

## A Solar Eclipse!



Visible at Every Point in the Country Between New York and San Francisco.

A PRESENT  
TO OUR  
PATRONS.

Get the Magic City.

Where to Inquire.

Persons desirous of joining the A. P. A., or those interested in the purposes of the Order, will please address Box 483, Mayaville, Ky.

We've got all that stock left, and the finest assortment of

Sideboards, Bedroom Suits,

Parlor Suits,

Rocking Chairs.

They are as choice and unbroken as ever in style, finish and quality. They must simply be got at prices this spring which is

A Plain Case of Rapid Reduction!

Never before seen. It is not a matter of profit to us, but of profit to you. Come and let us show you what they are, and you will be surprised to find the prices Rockers, Head-stands and the cheap suits at

HENRY ORT'S FURNITURE HOUSE,

No. 11 East Second St., MAYSVILLE, KY.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR COUNTY OFFICES.

FOR JAILER.

We are authorized to announce ROBERT KIRK as a candidate for re-election to the office of Sheriff at the November election, 1894, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce J. C. JEFFERSON as a candidate for re-election to the office of Sheriff, subject to the action of the Democratic primary.

WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO ANNOUNCE JOHN C. EITEL AS A CANDIDATE FOR RE-ELECTION TO THE OFFICE OF COUNTY ASSESSOR AT THE ELECTION NOVEMBER 6, 1894, SUBJECT TO THE ACTION OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY.

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# SHREWD MADGE

Col. Breckinridge's Lawyers  
Failed at Every Turn.

How the Defendant Promised to  
Oversee Her Education.

Cross-Examination By Our Colonel's At-  
torneys—Her Relations Continued With  
the Defendant Even After His Ne-  
cessary Marriage to Mrs. Wing.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—Pressure for admission to the circuit court where the trial of the famous "Madge case" is in progress was greater than ever, and it has been at any time before because of the expectation that Miss Pollard would return to the witness stand for the continuation of the cross-examination. Crowd increased against the bailiffs, who were doing their best to pass them by main force, and being repelled with the greatest difficulty.

First among the important arrivals was the defendant, Col. Breckinridge, and soon afterward came Miss Pollard without the black cloak which she had worn at her arrival. She was dressed in a black cloth gown.

Several questions were asked by Mr. Carlisle in direct examination as soon as the plaintiff had taken the stand, the first one whether she had ever been married, to which the answer was, "No."

"Who was the father of your first child?" the next question, to which she replied, "Mr. Breckinridge." Then in continuation the plaintiff related in greater detail than she had before admitted of the circumstances of the selection of her son, that he had told her that he would take her to the house of a dear friend whom he had known in Louisville before he took her to the house of Mrs. Rose, in Cincinnati. He had told her that she had a wonderful opportunity to make a fortune for her, "and I seemed to be completely under the influence of his wonderful powers of persuasion," she said. The first night they had been together they had walked the streets of Cincinnati, as they had done the next day after meeting in the public library. Col. Breckinridge had told her that he would oversee her education, that he would return the money advanced for her schooling by Mr. Rhodes. "He did not accomplish his purpose the first day in spite of violent attacks," she said, "and was very late the second day when we were in the house of assignation in Cincinnati."

Before taking her to the house of Sarah Guess at Lexington, Col. Breckinridge had arranged that she should report to the school a telegraphing to come from her mother, which he did.

"Did the sexual relations which you have testified to with Col. Breckinridge continue after the 29th of April, 1892?" inquired Mr. Carlisle, that being the date of the second marriage of Mrs. Wing. "They held up to May, including the last time I saw Col. Breckinridge," she said, and was about to make further explanations when the defendant's lawyers intervened.

After these passages the sparring between Mr. Butterworth and the young woman was resumed where it had been dropped Friday. Many detailed questions concerning her early life, her studies, her social career, and ambitions were asked, to all of which she turned replies which could hardly give no comfort to her opponents. When it was asked whether she was a member of the church she explained that she had been confirmed in the Episcopal church.

"Are you a member now?" was asked.

"One a member of the Episcopal church always a member," came the epigrammatic reply.

Her early ambition had been to write, Miss Pollard declared, and Col. Breckinridge had told her that she had wonderful talent in that line. She had also desired to teach.

"Do you know the value of character for teacher?" Mr. Butterworth asked.

"Most assuredly I do. Never so much as to-day," came the prompt reply. "But all this was swept away by one act."

Further on she explained that she understood the requirements for good character in a woman were the same as in a man.

Several times Miss Pollard's lawyers remonstrated with her that she must confine her answers to the questions put to her, as she manifested a disposition to overstep the limits in her eagerness to make her statements count as far as possible.

Miss Pollard's defense had been to write to Col. Breckinridge, in New York, but she says she will not ask for a divorce.

In fact she says there are the most harmonious relations existing between herself and husband.

*Indiana County Schools Closing.*

Moore's Hill, Ind., March 19.—The country schools of Indiana will close this week, in some cases, the schools have already been closed for a long vacation, which will continue until October. Indiana country schools last longer this year than usual.

In the rural districts the schools last but about 120 days, and in some of the poorer counties the term is only eighty days.

Watson's Trial to Union Labor.

NEW YORK, March 19.—Gov. Watson issued an order Sunday night to Adj. Gen. Taranay, in command of the troops at Cripple Creek, that the soldiers should be used as a guard to enable the mine owners to resume work on the mines, as far as only to preserve the peace in the event of a conflict.

"How you engaged to bring?" inquired Mr. Butterworth, referring to the latter individual.

"Not at that time," replied Miss Pollard.

There were several other references to the latter person and to her idea that it was the duty of the miners to defend the rights of the miners.

"Have you consulted all the crews in this letter?" Mr. Butterworth asked, as he finished reading, in his eloquent style which being somewhat poor, however, hardly recorded with the sentinel.

"Not all of them," she replied, and then lifting her veil began to wipe her eyes with her handkerchief.

# TEXAS TORNADO.

News Continues to Come In of Great Destruction.

Everything in the Track of the Storm Completely Destroyed.

Borders Whirled About, and Cattle and Horses Beaten to Death by Fall of Trees  
—The Number of People Killed Twenty, One Hundred Injured

GRENVILLE, Tex., March 20.—In addition to those reported killed at Emery by the tornado at least fifty are wounded and some of them will die. The news reached this city about 8 o'clock Monday morning, and a special train was sent by wire that all physicians who could do so would hasten to the scene of the storm, as their assistance would be greatly needed. A special train left Greenville at 9 o'clock, and arrived at Emery at 10:30. The news was brought by telegraph from the town, which is situated on the line of the St. Louis and San Marcos railroad.

"I understand you to say that you had read no literature which could not be put in the hands of a modest girl?" the cross-examiner asked.

"One moment," interposed Mr. Wilson, proceeding to argue that this peculiar question of questioning had been pursued so far, was contentious and so repeatedly that it was becoming oppressive.

In his reply Mr. Butterworth said:

"The plaintiff has put in her character as the main point of issue. She has surrounded herself so far with an atmosphere of perfect purity."

## SURGERY IN CHOLERA.

Dr. Marks, of St. Louis, Clinton a Cure by the Knife's Aid.

ST. LOUIS, March 19.—Dr. Ilsey Marks, surgeon to the cholera patients in the hospital, has come to the conclusion that cholera can be cured by surgery.

The method which he describes is, when the stage known as "collapse" is reached, to open the abdomen just above the ilio-crenical vein, an opening being made through the abdominal wall, and an intestinal tube inserted. An antiseptic solution is then made and the intestines flooded with an antiseptic solution. A case of cholera can be cured in a few hours in this manner by the destruction of the bacilli. All bacteriologists agree that typhoid fever is the same disease as cholera, portions of the intestines as those of cholera, the operation would have the same effect in a case of typhoid fever, though the necessity for the operation would be less pressing. Dr. Marks' experiment upon animals have convinced him of the correctness of his views.

## RELUCTANTLY

Gov. Brown Signs the Second-Class Charter Bill.

FRANKLIN, Ky., March 10.—At 10 a.m. Monday, Gov. Brown signed the second-class city charter bill, and it is now a law.

As the charter contains an emergency clause, it will go into immediate effect, and supersede the present law governing those cities. The governor, in speaking of the matter, said:

"I have carefully examined the charter of cities of the second class. In my judgment there are some provisions in it not sanctioned by the constitution, and I do not consider it wise for the members of this class shall not now get a charter, very injurious consequences must result to them. Under the circumstances I have concluded that it is best to approve the act, but I do so reluctantly."

## BOY BUTCHER.

He Kills Two of His Brothers and Massacres His Sister With a Hatchet.

GRANADA, Ala., March 19.—A homicidal boy attacked his brothers and sister in the person of Dick Vant, a 16-year-old Negro. He asked his 12-year-old brother for a knife which the latter was eating. Being refused, he drew a pistol and shot dead his dead.

Two months ago Dick killed his 6-year-old brother, and the boy's parents would not give him some medicine.

About a month ago he got angry with his sister and chopped three of her fingers off with a hatchet. He claims that those jaws were all accidental. He is in jail now, and it is believed that he is affected with homicidal mania.

## Aged Lady Slain.

PHILADELPHIA, March 19.—At the age of 121 years, Mrs. Annie Bailey, colored, died suddenly in her room at 921 Lombard street. Although there is no authentic record of the old woman, she had her own story and the testimony of her relatives leaves little doubt that she was 121. She often said that she was born in the household of Gen. Chambers, near Chambersburg, Pa., and that she afterward lived for a time with the family of a Mr. Ross, near her native town. She remembered people speaking of the recent battle of Trenton when she was a little girl.

Mr. Breckinridge made No Complaint.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—The report of Mr. W. G. Thompson, of Kentucky, intended filing a bill of divorce against her husband at the conclusion of the Pollard-Breckinridge trial is denied by her. She feels the stain of disgrace brought upon her and her family and especially the force of the press that he had impugned her relations with Miss Pollard after the secret marriage to Col. Breckinridge in New York, but she says she will not ask for a divorce.

In fact she says there are the most harmonious relations existing between herself and husband.

Disaster Rumored Near New Orleans.

NEW YORK, March 20.—It is reported that a tornado has swept over the country in the vicinity of New Orleans.

At this writing (11:30 a.m.) all wires are down, and no details can be obtained.

## A Great Revival.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., March 20.—The Methodist churches of the city have inaugurated a big series of revivals during the past week, the post office site.

The leader is Rev. C. H. Yatman of New York. At the initial meeting 5,000 people were present.

## Commanders Whiting Dead.

NEW YORK, March 20.—Commodore William D. Whiting, retired, of the United States navy, died at 7:35 o'clock Monday morning at his city residence, No. 38 West Thirty-fourth street.

Damage for Branch of Troops.

NEW YORK, March 20.—In the breach of promise suit of Miss Father Jacobs against Henry R. Sire, the jury Monday afternoon brought in a verdict awarding the plaintiff \$50,000, the full amount claimed.

## Sutherland's Success.

HOUSKING, Mo., March 19.—Postmaster Justice Sutherland failed to appear before Judge Brown Monday morning, and the judge sentenced him to the full penalty, one year's imprisonment and \$500 fine.

"What's this to Union Labor?" inquired Mr. Butterworth, referring to the latter individual.

"Not at that time," replied Miss Pollard.

There were several other references to the latter person and to her idea that it was the duty of the miners to defend the rights of the miners.

"Have you consulted all the crews in this letter?" Mr. Butterworth asked, as he finished reading, in his eloquent style which being somewhat poor, however, hardly recorded with the sentinel.

"Not all of them," she replied, and then lifting her veil began to wipe her eyes with her handkerchief.

# IN TENNESSEE.

An Unprecedented Law Occurs, Followed by a Flood and Great Damage.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., March 19.—The heaviest fall of rain in record on record since 1878 has descended during the thirty-six hours, the local office of the weather bureau recording nearly seven inches. The whole country for miles around is flooded, the rivers are on the flood stage, and the damage is reported in every direction.

In the immediate vicinity of Memphis the damage has been very great.

One hundred feet of the bluff at the foot of South and Georgia streets caved into the Mississippi river, carrying with it the buildings of the Standard Oil Company, the First National Bank, the First and Second National railroads, and the banks of the river. The Mississippi and Tennessee rivers are flooded with water, and traffic in the river was suspended during the forenoon. Lightning wrought ruin with the street railroad tracks and electric light, telephone and telegraph wires.

The rains and floods have weakened the levees, and grave apprehensions are felt for the safety of the planters in the valley. The Mississippi has not passed the danger line at Memphis, but it is feared the levees can not be repaired and strengthened in time to resist the flood coming down from the upper rivers.

At Forest City, Ark., the sewers burst and flooded the town during the storm, doing great damage.

At Madison, Ark., the White river has reached the flood stage, and is still rising at the rate of one foot an hour.

## CONVICT HICKIE

Wicks From the Old Penitentiary and Attempts to Foul Counterfeiter Money.

ATLANTA, Ga., March 20.—Stephen Hickie, who was released from the penitentiary Monday, immediately made an attempt to break into the institution again by a method not unknown to chronic offenders. He went to the bank of Brooks, Butler & Co., and presented a bill whose denomination was \$100,000,000 to the teller.

Late Monday afternoon, after the conferences were ended, Mr. Voorhees, who had not thought it worth while to call a special meeting of the finance committee Monday, as he had first intended.

"Tuesday is the regular meeting day of the committee," said Mr. Voorhees, "and there seemed no necessity for a special meeting. The committee can meet Tuesday morning just as well."

"And will the bill be reported to the senate Tuesday?"

"I think so; I can see no reason to change my statement that it would be."

The true fact is, that the majority and agents of the sugar trust have undoubtedly availed themselves to the fact that the whale oil trust is intriguing to kill the duty on sugar so that a higher tax on whisky will become necessary, and that the demand of the whisky trust for an increase of tax will be from \$100,000,000 to \$150,000,000.

Hickie completed a one-year sentence from Selon county for grand larceny. When he left the prison he expressed the belief that it was better than the Keeley cure, and was glad he escaped.

Hickie walked into the bank and said:

"Can you give me change for a dollar?"

"I am sorry to change my statement that it would be," he said.

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This assault from the sugar men is feared by the whisky trust. Advocates of an increased tax on whisky, who are fully aware of the fact that the whisky trust is intriguing to kill the duty on sugar so that a higher tax on whisky will become necessary, and that the demand of the whisky trust for an increase of tax will be from \$100,000,000 to \$150,000,000.

Friends of free sugar will likewise argue that there is no necessity for a duty on sugar, but that, on the contrary, it will be feasible to preserve the domestic industry of raising sugar by paying a domestic tax on sugar, as proposed by the bill in its present form, from 90 cents under the McKinley law, will give a weapon to those who oppose a duty upon sugar on the ground that it is not necessary for raising revenue.

The fact is, that the revenue bill in its present form does not meet the requirements of the country, and does not exceed current necessities of the government of \$70,000,000 a year will, invite the immediate attack upon the measure from several interests.

Senator Hill will argue that proposed excessive revenue does away with all the revenue from the sugar trust.

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Friends of free sugar will likewise argue that there is no necessity for a duty on sugar, but that, on the contrary, it will be feasible to preserve the domestic industry of raising sugar by paying a domestic tax on sugar, as proposed by the bill in its present form, from 90 cents under the McKinley law, will give a weapon to those who oppose a duty upon sugar on the ground that it is not necessary for raising revenue.

The fact is, that the revenue bill in its present form does not meet the requirements of the country, and does not exceed current necessities of the government of \$70,000,000 a year will, invite the immediate attack upon the measure from several interests.

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Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

# Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

CORRESPONDENCE

The Editor of *This Ledger* is not responsible for the opinions expressed by Correspondents; but nothing reflecting upon the character or habits of any person will be admitted to these columns.

Correspondents will please send Letters to us not later than 9 o'clock a.m. Give facts in as few words as possible. We want news in this department, and not advertising notices or political documents.

OUR AGENTS.  
The following are authorized Agents to  
The PUBLIC LEDGER in their respective localities:

Morganburg—Matthew Hoffman.  
Helen—Robert B. Card.  
Morganburg—John Wilson.  
Saratoga—B. G. Gregory.  
Orington—C. C. Ross.  
Spencer—J. W. Brown.  
Angelica—Charles Wheeler.  
Pomona—W. H. Woodward.  
Mt. Carmel—Kelly & Foxworth.  
Augusta—Leander Tully.  
Rockport—J. C. Dickey.  
Blissful Springs—J. H. Hunter.  
Mt. Gilead—Jacob Thomas.  
Subscribers will save the trouble of letter writing by sending their subscriptions to  
Agent at their place.

COTTAGEVILLE.

Stock feed at this place is scarce.  
Will Rogers was at Manchester business Monday.

Mrs. Lantz of Sand Hill was visiting her daughters here last week.

Benjamin Lyons of Manchester was at this place on a business trip Monday.

Horticulturist report peaches killed at this place. Cherries are not hurt as yet.

Marion Jones and wife of Shelleys were the girls of Maggie Tully a few days last week.

Mollie Gillespie will teach a three months' school at Cottageville, beginning the 1st of April.

The members of the Presbyterian Church are talking of hiring Elder Brown for their Pastor this year.

Miss Lizzie McCarahan, a charming young lady of this place, is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. A. Nash, in Mayfield.

A. A. of Lewis county has rented the property of Sam McCullough and will raise a crop of tobacco for C. Herbert.

Mrs. Oliver Trumbo, an old and respected citizen, is very ill this writing.

Dr. Winder is the attending physician.

Miss Josie Gillespie, who went to Manchester to learn the dress system, has had to return home on account of ill health.

SPRINGDALE.

Bob Wolf has moved to Wilson's Bot ton.

Michael Allibone will move to Rome, O., this week.

Mr. Robert Hook, who has been quite ill, is improving.

Mr. and Mrs. Taylor are visiting friends in Lewis county this week.

Mrs. Shesteen Watkins was calling on friends at Plumville Sunday.

George Trumbo has improved his property by the erection of a neat yard fence.

W. T. Hord and family of Lewis county were visiting relatives here this week.

W. L. Vaughan, who has been confined to his room by sickness, is able to be out again.

Judge A. D. Neal and son Ernest of Vanceburg visited the family of C. M. Neal from Cincinnati.

The many friends of Mrs. John Otto will regret to learn that she is confined to her room by illness.

Mrs. C. M. Redman, who has been quite ill recently, was able to make a visit to her son, Mr. W. H. Redman.

The following clipping from *The Schuyler Herald* will interest some readers of THE LEDGER: Born on April 19th, to Captain and Mrs. U. P. DeGman, a son, John Paul, boy. Captain DeGman says this gives him a pair of sons and that both are howling against the Administration.

NY. GILEAD.

Such lovely weather.

T. F. Goodwin of Rectorville was in our midst Wednesday.

Squire J. L. McElvaine of Lewiston was in our midst Friday.

Miss Belle Baugh of Tollesboro was visiting friends here last week.

Many of the people are suffering with that terrible disease called fever.

J. Harry Foxworth spent Saturday and Sunday with his parents at Mt. Carmel.

The farmers are all busy in preparing to put out large crops of corn and tobacco.

Bon Thomas of Orangeburg was in this vicinity Sunday evening calling on the fair sex.

Miss Achsa Bradley is getting along splendidly studying at school in Flemington.

Mrs. P. B. Vanden of Aurora, Ind., is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Sam T. Farrow, in this vicinity.

Our general friend, M. B. Tolle, of Orangeburg, was the guest of H. Clay Stover and family Saturday.

What has become of the Upper Oak woods correspondent? Perhaps he has gone where the woodlark twith.

Joseph Borg, a well known optician of Cincinnati, is spending a few weeks with a friend in New York.

One of our young ladies in this vicinity took the optician from Cincinnati for our young men. Thanks for the loan.

Joe Roe and his cousin E. C. Roe always pass through here on their way to Hohenwald where they meet the agents of Dan Roe for a few days.

Wing and Uncle Bink Huldsell Farm, in this

vicinity, left last Wednesday for Illinois. They expect to be absent several months.

Miss Dolly Gauthier is with us again after an absence of several months. We are always glad to see Miss Dolly, for she is as calm and peaceful as the rose bloometh in the moonlight.

Frank Lyle is coming back to Louisville Medical College the past season. Frank says one year more in school then he will be ready to practice in his name. He will be visiting friends in this vicinity soon. Come, we will be glad to see you. Frank. Of course there will be one girl. If not two or three, that will be all suffice.

See the window bargains at Hoell's daily.

WEEKLY PUBLIC LEDGER.

The First Number Will Appear Saturday, April 27th.

In response to a very general demand, THE LEDGER will begin the publication of a weekly edition, the first number of which will appear Saturday, April 27th.

The weekly will take the old name, MARYSVILLE REPUBLICAN.

It will comprise 8 pages, 40 columns in all, and the subscription price will be \$10 a year—strictly advance.

No paper will be sent longer than the time paid for.

This will not interfere with the publication of THE DAILY LEDGER.

Subscriptions for the Weekly may be sent in, now, to begin April 27th.

Eyes tested and glasses fitted by Dr. P. Smoot. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Mas. L. V. Davis will display Easter Bonnets and Hats next Thursday.

Fire-size Crayon with every dozen Cabinets at Parker's Gallery, 6 days only.

AYER'S Cherry Pectoral is adopted to every age and to either sex. Being very palatable, the youngest children take it readily.

For Sale.

Good second-hand door and window frames, sash, joists and lumber; also grate frame. Will be sold cheap. Apply to James Hasson, Street Commissioner.

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Successors to Albert Greenwood.

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OUR GLAZERS ARE THE BEST.

OUR CARPENTERS ARE THE BEST.

OUR JOINERS ARE THE BEST.

OUR TURNERS ARE THE BEST.

OUR COATERS ARE THE BEST.

OUR GLASS CUTTERS ARE THE BEST.

OUR GLAZERS ARE THE BEST.